## Quiz 21

## November 18, 2016

Show all work and circle your final answer.

## 1. (10 points)

(a) Find the left Riemann sum used to estimate the area under the graph of f(x) = 3x + 1 and above the x-axis between x = 0 and x = 1 using two rectangles.

$$\Delta x = \frac{1-0}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$R_{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ f(0) + f(\frac{1}{2}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + \frac{5}{2} \right] = \frac{7}{4} \quad (\text{or } 1.75)$$

(b) Is your answer an over-estimate or an under-estimate? Why? This is an underestimate because some of the area under the curve y=3x+1 isn't covered by the two rectangles.

(c) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 3x + 1 \, dx$ .

(c) Evaluate 
$$\int_0^1 5x + 1 dx$$
.  

$$A_{trap} = \frac{1}{2} (b_1 + b_2) h = \frac{1}{2} (1 + 4) (1) = \boxed{5/2}$$

$$OR A_1 = 1(1), A_2 = \frac{1}{2} (1) (3) = \frac{3}{2}, SO A = \boxed{5/2}$$
2. (5 points) Find  $\int_{-2}^2 4 - \sqrt{4 - x^2} dx$ .

$$= \int_{-2}^{2} 4 dx - \int_{-2}^{2} \sqrt{4 - x^{2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{16}{16} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \pi (2)^{2} = 2\pi$$

$$= 16 - 2\pi$$

3. (5 points) If  $\int_{-1}^{4} f(x) dx = -3$  and  $\int_{4}^{1} f(x) dx = 4$ , evaluate  $\int_{-1}^{1} f(x) dx$ .

$$\int_{1}^{1} f(x) dx = \int_{-1}^{4} f(x) dx - \int_{1}^{4} f(x) dx$$

$$= -3 - (-4)$$

$$= \boxed{1}$$